

Тема: Воспоминания о путешествиях. Развитие навыков построения вопроса в прошедшем времени.

Здравствуйте, 8 класс!

Сегодня работаем с лексическим материалом и учимся составлять вопросы в прошедшем времени.

1. Выпишем новые слова себе в словарики с транскрипцией и переводом.

6. Learn¹ how to pronounce and use the new words, (8).

A.

back [bæk] — назад

beach [bi:tʃ] — пляж

boat [bəʊt] — лодка, шлюпка, небольшой корабль

diary ['daɪəri] — дневник

fun [fʌn] — веселье, забава, шутка

rain [rem] — 1. дождь;

2. идти (о дожде)

sand [sænd] — песок

stay [steɪ] — останавливаться, оставаться

terrible ['terɪbəl] — ужасный

trip [trɪp] — поездка, путешествие

B.

back: to come back, to go back, to give back. Sam comes back from school at five. Give me back my pen, please. Put the book back on the shelf.

beach: nice beaches, on the beach. There were a lot of children on the beach. Come to the beach in the morning.

boat: a lot of boats, a motor boat. There were a lot of boats on the lake.

go boating: Last Sunday we went boating with our friends.

diary: two diaries, Yura's diary, to write in a diary. Roger writes about his school, his friends and holidays in his diary.

fun: to have (a lot of) fun, to get fun, to be fun. We had fun traveling in the country. There is no fun in spending the evening at home. Have fun! Swimming in the sea is fun.

rain — rained: It usually rains in autumn. Does it sometimes rain in winter? It doesn't often rain here. It is raining now, stay at home. Is it raining? It rained yesterday.

sand: yellow sands, to play in/on the sand. Little Lizzy played on the yellow sand near the tent. A sandcastle, to make sandcastles. Children like to make sandcastles on the beach.


stay — stayed: to stay in (at) a hotel, to stay at home. Stay where you are. They stayed at the Ritz when they were in London. I never stay at hotels when I travel by car.

¹ to learn [lɜ:n] — учить

Прочитаем слова, словосочетания и предложения под буквой В, запишем аудиофайл и пришлём в ватсап.

2. Прочитайте правило.

Вы уже знаете, как построить вопросы в настоящем простом времени (present simple) и как кратко ответить на них. Если речь идет о прошлом, в вопросах и ответах вместо вспомогательного глагола

do/does употребляется **did**,  (12).

Did the children play volleyball yesterday? — Yes, they did.

Did they travel a lot last winter? — No, they didn't.

Did he sleep well last night? — Yes, he did.

Did he swim in the sea last summer? — No, he didn't.

Did he go to the shops yesterday? — Yes, he did.

Запишите вопросы и ответы себе в тетрадь.

Желаю удачи! С нетерпением жду голосовое сообщение в Ватсап!